

Ionic/Covalent/Metallic Bonding

Q1. (2018) – 4d

4(d)	A -6 low	(1)
	1. The only correct answer is A	AO 3 2b
	<i>B is not correct because bpt is too high and solubility not high</i>	
	<i>C is not correct because solubility not high</i>	
	<i>D is not correct because bot is too high</i>	

Q2. (2018) – 4e

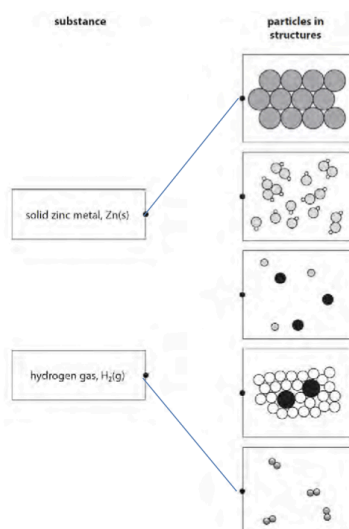
4(e)	high melting point / high boiling point / hard / insoluble (in water) / does not conduct (electricity)	ignore strong bonds ignore strong ignore values given ignore any other properties but reject contradictions to allowed answers	(1)
			AO 1 1

Q3. (2018)

8(a)	any two of the following		(2)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • high melting points (1) • high boiling points (1) • malleable (1) • conduct electricity (1) • conduct heat (1) • high density (1) • shiny (1) • ductile (1) • strong (1) • sonorous (1) 	allow bendy as alternative to malleable ignore solid ignore hard allow good conductor for 1 mark	AO 1 2

Q4. (2019) – 1d

1(d)



Each line 1 mark

Do not award mark if more than one line joins the left hand boxes with those on the right (2)

(2)

Q5. (2019) – 6c

6(c)(i)

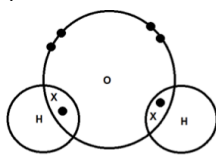
five / 5 (ions)

allow 2 + 3

(1)

Q6. (2019) – 8e

8(e)



(2)

shared pair of electrons in right hand overlap (1)
rest of molecule with 4 electrons drawn in outer shell of O only (1)

MP2 dependent on MP1

allow x or • or combinations thereof for any electrons

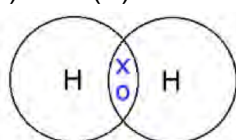
ignore inner shells of electrons even if incorrect

EXP

(2)

Q7. (2020) – 1b (iii)

1(b)(iii)



allow dots or crosses or mixture
allow other suitable symbols

(1)

Q8. (2020) – 4c (ii)

4(c)(ii)

B ionic

A giant covalent structures do not conduct electricity at all

C metallic structures conduct when solid

D simple molecular structures do not conduct electricity when molten and have low melting points

(1)

Q9. (2020) – 4e

4(e)

An explanation linking

- electrons (1)
- can move / are delocalised (1)

MP2 depends on MP1

allow charged particles can
move / are delocalised (1)

(2)

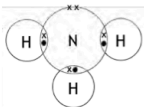
Q10. (2021) – 6b (iii)

6(b)(ii)	A electrode is the only correct answer. B, C and D are incorrect because they are not electrodes.	(1) AO2
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Q11. (2021)

7(a)(i)	malleable / malleability	(1) AO2
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Q12. (2022) – 1b (iii)

1(b)(iii)	B is the only correct answer  <p>A is incorrect as there are no shared pairs and the nitrogen atom shown only has 3 electrons C is incorrect as there are no shared pairs D is incorrect as the nitrogen atom shown only has 3 electrons</p>	(1) AO2-1
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Q13. (2022) – 2c

2(c)	melting point (too) high / (temperature) below melting point / metals have high melting point / (water is) not hot enough	allow melting point higher (than chocolate) allow not enough {heat/ energy} / takes a lot of {heat / energy} allow metallic bonds are strong / no bonds have been broken (at temperature of water) ignore any statements referring to boiling point ignore 'hard to melt'	(1) AO3-2b
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Q14. (2022) – 6c (iii)

6(c)(iii)	An explanation linking: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> electrons (1) move (through graphite) / are {delocalised / free / sea of electrons} (1) 	ignore 'charged particles' for MP1 but allow for MP2 reject ions for MP1 and MP2 'electrons in bonds/ electrons in outer shell' scores MP1 only MP2 depends on electrons or charged particles being mentioned ignore any other material about structure of graphite, correct or otherwise	(2) AO1-1
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Q15. (2022) – 9a (ii)

9(a)(ii)	An explanation linking: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ions (in magnesium carbonate) {cannot move / in a fixed position / held in a lattice / held together by strong electrostatic forces} (1) magnesium contains {delocalised/free} electrons (1) electrons (in magnesium) can {flow / move} / are mobile (1) 	ignore charged particles throughout allow magnesium carbonate does not have {delocalised / free} electrons reject references to covalent bonding in magnesium carbonate for MP1 allow sea of electrons ignore ions in magnesium ignore carry a {charge / current}	(3) AO2-1
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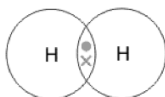
Q16. (2023)

6(a)(i) Group B	any one of the following <ul style="list-style-type: none"> shiny high {melting / boiling} point good conductor of {electricity / heat} malleable / ductile grey coloured 	allow easily shaped / can be drawn into wires allow silver coloured ignore density / sonorous / solid ignore strength / strong / hard	AO1-1 (1)
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Q17. (2023) – 6d

6(d) Group B	<p>A description to include</p> <p>ionic (max 2 marks)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (electrostatic) force between (oppositely charged) ions / between anions and cations (2) <p>covalent (max 2 marks)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> atoms share a pair electrons (2) 	<p>other creditable responses (max 1 mark) including any one from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> {ions / cations / anions} are charged particles ionic bonds between metals and non-metals electrons transferred (from metal to non-metal) metals lose electrons / non-metals gain electrons reject electrons transferred from non-metal to metals <p>other creditable responses (max 1 mark) including any one from:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> covalent bonds are formed when electrons are shared covalent bonds form molecules covalent bonds between non-metals 	AO1-1 (4)
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Q18. (2024) – 2a (ii)

2(a)(ii)

allow all dots or all crosses or a mixture of both

allow dots/crosses with overlapped area OR on lines of the shells where overlapped

(1)
AO1-1

Q19. (2024) – 9a (ii)

9(a)(ii)

an explanation linking

SOLID

- is an (ionic) lattice / (ions are) held by strong (electrostatic) attractions (1)

so the **ions** {cannot move / are fixed / just vibrate} (1)

SOLUTION

- in solution the **ions** {can move / are free} (1)

allow giant structure / regular arrangement / regular structure for lattice

allow atoms / (charged) particles in MP1 only

ignore electrons for MP1

reject molecules / elements

reject electrons

allow liquid for solution

reject electrons

reject intermolecular forces

(3)
AO2-1