

Q1. (2020)

1			C ✓	1	1.1	
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Q2. (2020)

2			A ✓	1	1.2	
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Q3. (2020)

4			A ✓	1	1.1	
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Q4. (2020)

5			D ✓	1	1.1	
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Q5. (2020)

10			A ✓	1	1.1	
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Q6. (2020)

12			D ✓	1	2.2	
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Q7. (2020)

A)

16	(a)				3	1.1	
			Feature	Structure			
			chlorophyll for photosynthesis	chloroplast ✓			
			enzymes for respiration	mitochondria ✓			
			receptor molecules for communication	cell membrane ✓			

B)

	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = (x) 2000 award 2 marks $60(\text{mm}) \div 0.03(\text{mm}) \checkmark$ $= (\times) 2000 \checkmark$	2	2.2	
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C)

		(ii)	(use of a) stain ✓	1	1.2	ALLOW named stain e.g. iodine / methylene blue / eosin ALLOW dye IGNORE colouring
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D)

	(c)	(i)	there are four different bases in DNA ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW nitrogenous bases ALLOW names of the four bases / represents ATCG
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E)

		(ii)	phosphate (groups) ✓ sugars ✓	2	2 x 1.1	ALLOW correct answers in either order ALLOW deoxyribose
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Q8. (2021)

1			C ✓	1	1.1	
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Q9. (2021)

10		C✓	1	1.1	
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Q10 (2021)

A)

16	(a)		<table><tr><th>Sub-cellular structure</th><th>Only in Eukaryotic cells</th><th>Only in Prokaryotic cells</th><th>In both Eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells</th></tr><tr><td>cell membrane</td><td></td><td></td><td>(✓)</td></tr><tr><td>nucleus</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>mitochondria</td><td>✓</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>plasmid</td><td></td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr></table>	Sub-cellular structure	Only in Eukaryotic cells	Only in Prokaryotic cells	In both Eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells	cell membrane			(✓)	nucleus	✓			mitochondria	✓			plasmid		✓		3	3 x 1.1	more than one answer in a row = no mark
Sub-cellular structure	Only in Eukaryotic cells	Only in Prokaryotic cells	In both Eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells																							
cell membrane			(✓)																							
nucleus	✓																									
mitochondria	✓																									
plasmid		✓																								

B)

	(b)	(i)	<table><tr><td>adjust the focus knob to see the image</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>place the plant cells onto the microscope slide</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>place microscope slide on stage</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>place a coverslip over the plant cells</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>select low power objective lens</td><td>(3)</td></tr></table>	adjust the focus knob to see the image	5	place the plant cells onto the microscope slide	1	place microscope slide on stage	4	place a coverslip over the plant cells	2	select low power objective lens	(3)	2	2 x 1.2	ALL correct = 2 marks 3 or 4 correct = 1 mark
adjust the focus knob to see the image	5															
place the plant cells onto the microscope slide	1															
place microscope slide on stage	4															
place a coverslip over the plant cells	2															
select low power objective lens	(3)															

C)

		(ii)	(x)400 ✓	1	2.2	
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D)

		(iii)	2000 (µm) ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW ECF from part (ii) for incorrect magnification
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E)

		(v)	<p>Sugars are the monomers ✓</p> <p>Sugars are joined together to make the (polymer/cellulose) ✓</p>	2	2 x 2.1	<p>ALLOW sugar/glucose is smallest unit of carbohydrate</p> <p>ALLOW cellulose is made up of glucose (molecules)</p> <p>ALLOW (cellulose is a polymer) made up of sugar/glucose monomers = 2 marks</p>
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Q11. (2021)

A)

18	(a)	(i)	<table><tr><th>Stage</th><th>Description of what happens</th></tr><tr><td>S</td><td>DNA replication</td></tr><tr><td>G2</td><td>growth and preparation for mitosis</td></tr><tr><td>M</td><td>movement of chromosomes</td></tr><tr><td>G1</td><td>cell growth</td></tr></table>	Stage	Description of what happens	S	DNA replication	G2	growth and preparation for mitosis	M	movement of chromosomes	G1	cell growth	✓✓	2	2 x 1.1	All 3 correct = 2 marks 1 or 2 correct = 1 mark
Stage	Description of what happens																
S	DNA replication																
G2	growth and preparation for mitosis																
M	movement of chromosomes																
G1	cell growth																

B)

		(ii)	Double helix ✓	1	1.1	
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C)

	(b)	(i)	Differentiated cells can do different jobs/functions ✓ Allowing organisms to become more efficient ✓	2	2 x 1.1	ALLOW organism can become more complex If no other mark scored credit make specialised cells
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D)

		(ii)	Meristem ✓	1	1.1	
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Q12. (2021)

A)

20	(a)	(i)	Sensory neurone/nerve ✓	1	1.1	
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B)

		(ii)	Hormones ✓ Travel through the blood(stream) ✓	2	2 x 1.1	ALLOW chemical messengers ALLOW hormones bind to specific receptors on cells
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Q13. (2021) – 21b

A)

	(b)	(i)	Menstrual blood cells are adult stem cells / Menstrual blood cells/adult stem cells can only form certain types of cells ✓ (Embryo stem cells) can produce a wide range of cell types ✓	2	2 x 2.1	ALLOW Menstrual blood cells can only specialise into blood cells / menstrual blood cells are multipotent/partially differentiated ALLOW Embryo stem cells can produce any type of cell / embryo stem cells are pluripotent
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B)

		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 77.6 (hours) award 2 marks 4 (generations) ✓ $4 \times 19.4 = 77.6$ (hours) ✓	2	2 x 2.2	
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C)

		(iii)	$\frac{48}{19.4} = 2.5$ ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW 2.4742 etc ALLOW any correct rounding
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D)

		(iv)	Any two from: Quick to culture / divide rapidly / fast growth ✓ Easily obtainable source of stem cells ✓ Frequently accessible source of stem cells ✓ Less ethical issues in obtaining them (compared to stem cells from embryo tissue) ✓	2	2 x 3.1b	ALLOW reverse argument for embryo stem cells if stated assume menstrual blood stem cells if not stated IGNORE just quicker ALLOW idea of less invasive technique IGNORE just supply more
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Q14. (2022)

1		B ✓		1	1.1	
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Q15. (2022)

3	A ✓	1	1.1	
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Q16. (2022)

5	B ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW 2
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Q17. (2022)

6	B ✓	1	1.1	
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Q18. (2022)

8	D ✓	1	2.1	
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Q19. (2022)

13	B ✓	1	2.1	
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Q20. (2022)

A)

16	(a)	(i)	stain ✓ stage ✓ objective ✓ focus ✓	4	4 x 1.2	
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B)

	(b)	(i)	Correctly identifies the centre cell on the right-hand side ✓	1	1 x 2.1	
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C)

		(ii)	Correctly identifies a nucleus ✓	1	1 x 2.1	DO NOT ALLOW arrow not touching the nucleus
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D)

	(c)		Contains meristem cells / cell division/mitosis occurs ✓	1	1 x 2.1	ALLOW stem cells ALLOW multiply IGNORE auxins / growth
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Q21. (2022) – 18c

	(c)		Similarity – (both have) cell membrane/ cell wall/ ribosomes/ cytoplasm ✓ Difference – bacterial/prokaryotic cells do not have chloroplast/nucleus/mitochondria/ ✓ OR Difference – bacteria/prokaryotic cells have plasmids/flagellum/pili/are smaller ✓	2	2 x 1.1	IGNORE DNA ALLOW ORA for plant differences ALLOW bacterial/prokaryotic cells do not have a permanent vacuole ALLOW reference to composition of the cell walls IGNORE growth rate
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Q22. (2022) – 20c

	(c)		Prevent rejection ✓	1	1 x 2.1	ALLOW do not attack the cells/no immune response IGNORE same DNA ALLOW ORA for using donor stem cells
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Q23. (2022)

A)

23	(a)	(i)	Lipase ✓ Fatty acids ✓ Glycerol ✓	3	3 x 2.1	ALLOW enzyme
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B)

		(ii)	Curve that goes up (and down) ✓ Curve that shows peak/maximum in alkaline pH ✓	2	2 x 2.1	ALLOW any pH peak/maximum greater than 7
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Q24. (2023)

A)

16	(a)	<table><tr><th>Statement about DNA</th><th>True (T)</th><th>False (F)</th></tr><tr><td>DNA is a polymer.</td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>DNA is made of 4 strands.</td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr><tr><td>The strands in DNA form a double helix.</td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>A DNA nucleotide is made of a sugar, a phosphate group and a base.</td><td>✓</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>The 4 bases found in DNA are A, C, G and U.</td><td></td><td>✓</td></tr></table>	Statement about DNA	True (T)	False (F)	DNA is a polymer.	✓		DNA is made of 4 strands.		✓	The strands in DNA form a double helix.	✓		A DNA nucleotide is made of a sugar, a phosphate group and a base.	✓		The 4 bases found in DNA are A, C, G and U.		✓	3	3 x 1.1	5 correct ticks = 3 marks 4 correct ticks = 2 marks 2/3 correct ticks = 1 mark DO NOT ALLOW more than 1 tick for each statement
Statement about DNA	True (T)	False (F)																					
DNA is a polymer.	✓																						
DNA is made of 4 strands.		✓																					
The strands in DNA form a double helix.	✓																						
A DNA nucleotide is made of a sugar, a phosphate group and a base.	✓																						
The 4 bases found in DNA are A, C, G and U.		✓																					

B)

	(b)			2	2 x 1.1	4 correct lines = 2 marks 3/2 correct lines = 1 mark DO NOT ALLOW more than 1 line from each box
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C)

	(c)	(i)	Stage ✓	1	1.2	
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D)

		(ii)	Objective ✓	1	1.2	
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E)

		(iii)	Focusing knob ✓	1	1.2	
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Q24. (2023)

A)

23	(a)		<div> <div>Sub-cellular structure</div> <div> <div>cell membrane</div> <div>chloroplast</div> <div>mitochondria</div> </div> <div>Contents</div> <div> <div>chlorophyll</div> <div>enzymes</div> <div>receptors</div> </div> <div>Function</div> <div> <div>allows communication with other cells</div> <div>catalyses reactions in aerobic respiration</div> <div>needed for photosynthesis</div> </div> </div>	4	4 x 1.1	6 correct lines = 4 marks 5/4 correct lines = 3 marks 3 correct lines = 2 marks 2 correct lines = 1 mark DO NOT ALLOW more than 1 line from each box ✓✓✓✓
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B)

	(b)	(i)	Correct outline shape of this mitochondrion drawn with continuous lines and no shading ✓ Double outer membrane and internal membranes accurately drawn ✓	2	2 x 2.2	IGNORE labels
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C)

		(ii)	Electron microscope ✓ The image is highly magnified / The image is in a lot of detail / Can see organelles / The resolution is high ✓	2	2 x 2.1	ALLOW TEM or SEM Second marking point is dependent on the first IGNORE image is black and white ALLOW ORA for light microscopes for each reason
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D)

	(c)		Ribosome / cell membrane / cytoplasm ✓	1	1.1	
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Q25. (2024)

1	A		1	1.1	
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Q26. (2024)

2	D		1	1.1	
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Q27. (2024)

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Q28. (2024)

14	D		1	1.1	
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Q29. (2024)

A)

16	(a)		3	3 x 1.2	4 correct lines = 3 marks 3/2 correct lines = 2 marks 1 correct line = 1 mark DO NOT ALLOW more than 1 line for each statement
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B)

	(b)	(i) First check the answer on the answer line If answer = 40 award 2 marks $400 \div 10 \checkmark$ $= 40 \checkmark$	2	2 x 2.2	IGNORE units
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C)

		(ii) Any three from: Use a (sharp) pencil $\checkmark$ Draw with continuous lines $\checkmark$ No shading $\checkmark$ No colour $\checkmark$ Consider proportion $\checkmark$ Labels $\checkmark$ Display the magnification $\checkmark$ Copy (image) $\checkmark$	3	3 x 1.2	ALLOW single lines ALLOW no dashes/sketchy lines ALLOW similar/same size/shape ALLOW key structures labelled IGNORE trace
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D)

	(c)	ANY two from: (Electron microscopes have) high magnification $\checkmark$ (Electron microscopes have) a high resolution $\checkmark$ Produces a 3D image $\checkmark$	2	2 x 1.1	Assume answer refers to electron microscope unless stated ALLOW ORA for light microscope for each reason IGNORE zoom
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Q30. (2024)

A)

	(c)			C	D	E	A	B		✓✓	2	2 x 1.1	D correct ✓ A before B ✓
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B)

	(d)	2 (orders of magnitude) ✓	1	2.2	
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Q31. (2024)

A)

23	(a)	(i)	Embryonic (stem cell) ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW embryo stem cells
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B)

		(ii)	Can differentiate into any type of cell ✓	1	2.1	
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C)

	(b)	(i)	<p>46% improvement is not a cure / 46% is not a large improvement / hearing is not fully restored ✓</p> <p>These results are only after 10 weeks / may not be a long-term cure / have not observed long term effects ✓</p> <p>Only 18 rodents were used / not a large sample size ✓</p> <p>Idea that an improvement of 46% on average means some may have less than 46% improvement ✓</p> <p>Only tested on rodents / results in humans might be different ✓</p>	3	3 x 3.2a	<p>ALLOW answers referring to only 46% hearing restored / 46% is not very high / less than half of their hearing was regained</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW only 46%/less than half have been cured/regained hearing</p>
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D)

		(ii)	<p>Test the procedure on more rodents /</p> <p>Monitor the rodents hearing for longer /</p>	1	3.3b	
			<p>Try a different number/more nerve cell transfers /</p> <p>Use different type of stem cells /</p> <p>Try the technique on more species/humans ✓</p>			IGNORE reference to making deaf in two ears

E)

	(c)		<p>First check the answer on the answer line</p> <p>If answer = 1.5 award 2 marks</p> <p>10 x 0.15</p> <p>OR</p> <p>15/100 x 10 ✓</p> <p>= 1.5 ✓</p>	2	2 x 2.2	<p>ALLOW any correct calculating method</p> <p>ALLOW 1 500 000 on the answer line for one mark max</p>
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