

Q1 June 2018

1		8	B1	cao
---	--	---	----	-----

Q2 June 2020

4		25	B1	cao
---	--	----	----	-----

Q3 June 2022

5		40	B1	cao
---	--	----	----	-----

Q4 June 2024

15	525	M1	for method to find the interest after one year, eg $3500 \times 2.5 \div 100 (= 87.5)$ oe or $0.025 \times 6 (= 0.15)$ oe or for a complete method, eg $3500 \times 2.5 \times 6 \div 100$ oe or for 4025 or 2975	May be implied by, eg 3587.5(0) Award M1 for 3500×1.025^n
		A1	cao	

Q5 June 2024

18	12	P1	for a beginning process, eg $1800 - (1800 \times 0.56)$ oe or $1800 \times (1 - 0.56) (= 792)$ or $1800 \div 100 \times 56 \div 66 (= 15.272\dots)$ or $1800 \div 66 (= 27.272\dots)$ or $[44\%] \div 66$	[44%] is the value they clearly believe to be 44% of 1800
		P1	for a complete process, eg "792" $\div 66$ or " $27.272\dots$ " $\times (1 - 0.56)$ oe or " $27.272\dots$ " $- "15.272\dots"$	
		A1	cao	

Q6 Nov 2018

11	4	M1	for $\frac{30}{100} \times 80 (= 24)$ oe or for 104	Numbers in subtraction may be reversed
		M1	(dep) for $28 - "24"$ or $108 - 104$	
		A1	for 4 or -4	

Q7 Nov 2018

15	2.5	M1	for $(R =) \frac{100I}{PT}$ or $600 \times 5 (= 3000)$ or $75 \times 100 (= 7500)$ or $75 \div 5 (= 15)$ or $75 \div 600 (= 0.125)$	Calculations may be done in stages. May work in decimals or in percentages
		M1	for $\frac{75 \times 100}{600 \times 5}$ oe	
			OR $\frac{15}{600} (= 0.025)$ or " 0.125 " $\div 5 (= 0.025)$ or 1.025	
		A1	cao	

Q8 Nov 2018

18	(a)	explanation	C1	<p>explanation eg should be 1.03, this is 30% (not 3%)</p> <p>Acceptable examples Because 1.3 is 130% He is increasing it by 30% 1.3 means 1.30, not 1.03 He needs to put a 0 in front of the 3 1.3 is the wrong decimal He should multiply by 0.03 3% is 0.03, (not 1.3) His answer should be 154.5 He is meant to increase it by 4.5, not by 45</p> <p>Not acceptable examples Because he is increasing by 130%, not 3% He needs to find 1% and then times it by 3</p>
	(b)	$(150 \times) 0.97$ $= 145.5$	B1	for 0.97 (or $\frac{97}{100}$ or 97%) and 145.5
Q9 Nov 2019				
3			23	B1 cao
Q10 Nov 2019				
16	243	M1	for $1.8 \div 100 \times 4500$ oe (= 81) or for a complete method eg $4500 \times 1.8 \times 3 \div 100$ oe or for 4743 or 4257	Award M1 for 4500×1.018^n
		A1	cao	
Q11 Nov 2019				
20	Shown (supported)	M1	for substitution eg $4 \times 110 + 12$	
		A1	for 452	
		M1	(dep M1) for method to find value(s) needed for comparison eg $\frac{"452"-442}{442} \times 100$ OR $\frac{5}{100} \times 442$ oe (= 22.1) and "452" – 442 (= 10) OR $\frac{5}{100} \times 442 + 442$ oe (= 464.1) and "452"	
		C1	shown with correct comparable values eg 2.2(6...)(%) OR 22.1 and 10 OR 452 and 464.1	
Q12 Nov 2020				
4			25	B1 cao
Q13 Nov 2021				

1	$\frac{31}{100}$ oe	B1	for $\frac{31}{100}$ or any equivalent fraction	Ignore any attempt at simplification of $\frac{31}{100}$
---	---------------------	----	---	--

Q14 Nov 2022

2	$\frac{37}{100}$	B1	oe fraction
---	------------------	----	-------------

Q15 Nov 2022

11	130	P1	process to find the total number of children, eg $214 - 14 (= 200)$	
		P1	process to find the number of children wearing a hat, eg $"200" \times 35 \div 100 (= 70)$ or process to find the multiplier for the percentage of children not wearing a hat, eg $(100 - 35) \div 100 (= 0.65)$	
		P1	for full process to find the number of children not wearing a hat, eg $"200" - "70"$ or $"200" \times "0.65"$ or $214 - "70" - 14$	
		A1	cao	

Q16 Nov 2022

23	7318.15	M1	for a correct first step eg working out increase for one year $7000 \times (100 + 3) \div 100 (= 7210)$ oe or $7000 \times 3 \div 100 (= 210)$ oe or find the multiplier for both years eg $(100 + 3) \div 100 \times (100 + 1.5) \div 100 (= 1.04545)$	7315 or 315 implies M1
		M1	for a compound method, eg $7000 \times (100 + 3) \div 100 \times (100 + 1.5) \div 100$ oe or $"7210" \times 1.5 \div 100$ or $(= 108.15)$ oe	318.15 implies M1M1A0
		A1	cao	

Q17 Nov 2023

5	120	B1	cao
---	-----	----	-----

Q18 Nov 2023

15	60.48	P1	for a beginning process, eg $72 \div 100 \times 120 (= 86.4)$ OR $72 \div 100 \times 30 \div 100 (= 0.216)$	
		P1	for process to use both percentages, eg $[86.4] - ([86.4] \times 30 \div 100)$ or $[86.4] \times ((100 - 30) \div 100)$ or $[86.4] \times 30 \div 100 (= 25.92)$ OR $72 \div 100 \times ((100 - 30) \div 100) (= 0.504)$ OR $120 \times "0.216" (= 25.92)$	[86.4] must be a value less than 120
		A1	cao	

Q19 Nov 2023

24	4811.20	M1	for full method for one year, eg $4500 \times 1.034 (= 4653)$ oe	Can be implied by 4806 or 9306
		A1	for 4811.2(0)	Accept 4811.202 and 4811.21

Q20 Nov 2024

1	$\frac{17}{100}$	B1	for $\frac{17}{100}$ or any other equivalent fraction
---	------------------	----	---

Q21 Nov 2024

12	15	P1	for process to find number of child tickets, eg $180 \div 100 \times 60 (= 108)$ oe	Where [108] is what they clearly think is 60% of 180 but can't be greater than 180
		P1	for process to find total cost of child tickets, eg " 108 " $\times 8 (= 864)$ or $[108] \times 8$ OR for process to find number of adult tickets, eg $180 - [108] (= 72)$ or $180 \div 5 \times 2 (= 72)$ oe or $180 \times \frac{100-60}{100}$	
		P1	for a complete process, eg $(1944 - "864") \div "72"$ or $(1944 - [108] \times 8) \div (180 - [108])$	
		A1	cao	

Q22 Nov 2024

17	(a)	265.05	M1	for $285 \times (7 \div 100) (= 19.95)$ oe or $(100 - 7) \div 100 (= 0.93)$	Accept £265.05p
			M1	for $285 - "19.95"$ or $285 \times "0.93"$ oe	
			A1	cao	
	(b)	8000	P1	for start of process, eg $2100 - 1700 (= 400)$	
			P1	for using " 400 " = 5%, eg $(1\% =) "400" \div 5 (= 80)$ or $(10\% =) "400" \times 2 (= 800)$ or $(50\% =) "400" \times 10 (= 4000)$ or " 400 " $\div 5 \times 100$	
			A1	cao	

Q23 Nov 2024

25	Yes (supported)	P1	for start to a process to find a percentage increase, eg $85 - 76 (= 9)$ or $66 - 65 (= 1)$ or $\frac{85}{76} (= 1.118...)$ or $\frac{66}{65} (= 1.015...)$	Accept use of rounded and truncated figures for all marks. May work in decimals or equivalent proportions throughout
		P1	for process to find a % increase, eg $\frac{9}{76} \times 100 (= 11.84...)$ or $\frac{1}{65} \times 100 (= 1.53...)$ or $\frac{85}{76} \times 100 - 100 (= 11.84...)$ oe or $\frac{66}{65} \times 100 - 100 (= 1.53...)$ oe	
		P1	for processes to find both % increases, eg $\frac{9}{76} \times 100 (= 11.84...)$ and $\frac{1}{65} \times 100 (= 1.53...)$ or $\frac{85}{76} \times 100 - 100 (= 11.84...)$ oe and $\frac{66}{65} \times 100 - 100 (= 1.53...)$ oe	
		C1	for Yes supported by correct figures, eg $11(.842...) \div 1.5(38...) = 7.3$ to 8 or $11(.842...) \text{ and } 1.5(38...) \times 7 = 10(.766...)$ or $11(.842...) \div 7 = 1.57$ to 1.7 and $1.5(3...)$ or $0.11(842...) \text{ and } 0.10(766...)$	